

Udział pijarów w rozwoju nauki i kultury na Ukrainie w XVII-XIX w.

Contribution of piarist fathers to the development of science and culture in Ukraine

SUMMARY

The paper is devoted to the educational activity of Piarist Fathers in Ukraine in 17th-19th centuries. Writing about Ukraine the author means the territory of a present Ukraine which belonged to Republic of Poland and then, after its partition, to Austria and Russia.

The text is based on the materials that come from archives of Ukraine, Poland and Lithuania

The author of this paper:

- 1) *proves* that the main rules of St. Joseph of Calasanz (the founder of Piarist Fathers) like equality of children of all beliefs, nationalities and social classes and special promotion of poor students were observed in Ukraine;
- 2) describes the localization and the history of Piarist schools in Ukraine (in Dąbrowica, Waręż, Lubieszów, Międzyrzec Korecki, Złoczów and Lwów);
- 3) analyses their programmes and textbooks.

At the end the author concludes that contribution of Piarist Fathers to the development of science and culture during 150 years (1684-1834) of their activity in Ukraine was very important. The last Piarist school of Ukraine functioned in Lubieszów in the years 1934-1939.

Piarist Schools in Ukraine educated their students as the citizens respecting all European values like tolerance, justice and responsibility for their own state and society.

Analecta – Studia i Materiały z Dziejów Nauki
[Analecta – Studies and Materials on the History of Science]
IV, 1995, 2, 69-95